PRACTICE



Enter the data in your calculator and create a scatterplot with a "friendly" window.

10. Every musical note has an associated frequency measured in hertz(Hz), or vibrations per second. The table shows the approximate frequencies of the notes in the octave from middle C up to the next C on a piano.

| Note Name | С | C# | D | D# | E | F | F# | G | G# | А | A# | В | Next C |
|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|
| # above C | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Frequency(Hz) | 262 | 277 | 294 | 311 | 330 | 349 | 370 | 392 | 415 | 440 | 466 | 494 | 523 |

WINDOW a. Find a model that fits the data (linear quadratic) exponential, abs. value, etc..).

xmin=-5 ymin=225 b.

xmax= **>b** ymax= **60**

b. Use regression and write the equation of your model. Round to nearest thousandth. $v = 0.626 x^2 + 14.132 x + 262.604$

xscl= | vscl= >5

c. Use the model to predict note 24. 962. 285 Hz

- d. Find the note with a frequency of 600 Hz. Hint graph y = 600. This makes a straight line at 600. The point of intersection is your solution!!! $N \sigma T E 14.5 = 7$
- 11. Bob decides to find out how much soap a person uses in a day. Below is the data that he collected.

| # of days used | 0 | 1 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 11 | 12 | 17 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 |
|----------------|-----|-----|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Weight(grams) | 124 | 121 | 103 | 96 | 90 | 84 | 78 | 71 | 58 | 50 | 27 | 16 | 12 | 8 | 6 |

| WINDOW | v | a. | Find a model that fits the data (linear, quadratic, exponential, absolute value, etc). |
|-----------------|-------------------|----|--|
| xmin= ~5 | ymin= 🔿 | e. | Use regression and write the equation of your model. Round to nearest thousandth. |
| xmax= 25 | ymax= S O | | $y = -5.575 \times + 123.141$ |
| xscl= | yscl= 25 | b. | Use the model to predict when the soap will be gone. 220% |
| | | | |

c. Use the model to predict the weight after 14.2 days.

L12,979 grams

